

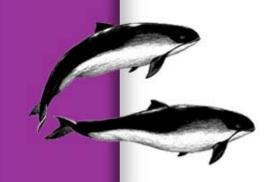
Will Peer to Peer Unravel the Web?

Noah Mendelsohn

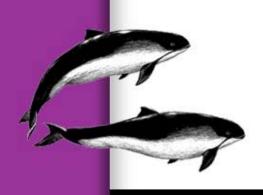
IBM & Lotus Development Corp.

The Universal Web

"By Universal I mean that the web is declared to be able to contain in principle every bit of information accessible by networks. It was designed to be able to include existing information systems such as FTP, and to be able simply in the future to be extendable to include any new information system."



Tim Berners-Lee December, 1996 The problem...

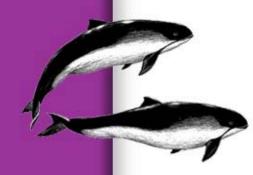


What I want...



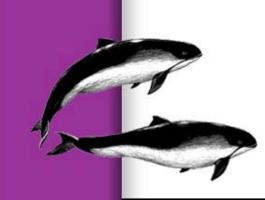
P2P and the Web

- Some P2P systems integrate w/the Web
 - Dave Winer's "two-way-web"
 - Freenet (URI's)
 - Magi
 - etc., etc.
- Some important ones don't!
 - Napster
 - Gnutella/Bearshare
 - Etc., etc.



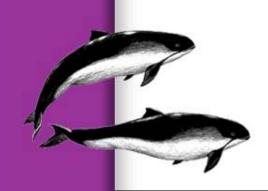
Consequences

- You can't link
- You can't integrate information
- Client tools inappropriate coupled to storage mechanisms
- You can't move resources between web & P2P -- or across P2P "worlds"
- Naming and query gets reinvented
 - Google crawls don't work
 - Gnutella can't find web resources



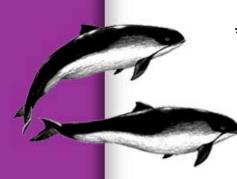
The solution...

...integrate P2P with the Web!



The web is not architecturally dependent on...

- HTTP
- DNS
- IP V4*
- Location-based naming

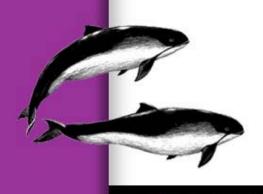


Actually, literal IP V6 addresses are not allowed in URI's

Peer-to-Web Roadmap

- Invent URI schemes to name information stored in P2P systems
- Decouple browsers, music players, presentation software, application servers, etc. from storage mechanisms
- Deploy software in browsers, music players, app servers, P2P systems, etc. that can resolve and retrieve from a broad range of URI schemes.





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Will P2P Unravel the Web? – Noah Mendelsohn

URI: Names for Web Resources

"A Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) is a compact string of characters for identifying an abstract or physical resource."

IETF RFC 2396 December, 1996

"If something does not have a URI, you can't refer to it, and the power of the Web is the less for that."

Tim Berners-Lee December, 1996

What's a URI, do you mean URL?

- Short answer: you've got the right idea
- Better answer:
 - URI: the name for a resource on the web
 - URL: a URI that helps you find the resource

It's on my server



http://noah.com/songs/yesterday.mp3





have no clue where it is

URI Axioms*

Universality

- Any resource anywhere can be given a URI
- Any resource of significance should be given a URI.

Global scope

 It doesn't matter to whom or where you specify that URI, it will have the same meaning.



URI Axioms (cont')

Sameness

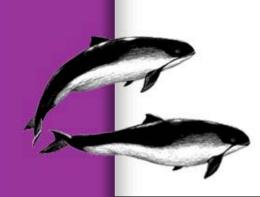
- a URI will repeatably refer to "the same" thing
- the significance of identity for a given URI is determined by the person who owns the URI, who first determined what it points to

Non-unique:

URI space need not be the only universal space

Opacity

- The only thing you can use an identifier for is to refer to an object {...} you should not look at the contents of the URI string to gain other information.
 - Also: cool URI's don't change

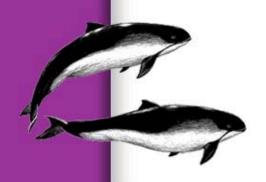


The "scheme" tells how to handle the rest of the name

nt's in a (URI) name?

http://noah.com/somedoc.html

mailto:Noah_Mendelsohn@lotus.com



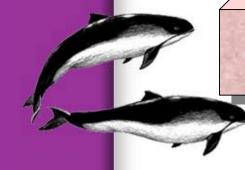
Browsers and web servers come with software modules to handle particular URI schemes (http:, ftp: mailto:, etc.)

How about URI's for P2P?

http://gnutella.com/beatles/yesterday.mp3



napster://songs/beatles/yesterday.mp3



songs://beatles/yesterday.mp3



Variations on P2P URIs

napster://songs/beatles/yesterday.mp3

A <u>resource</u> in the Gnutella space implements a keyword query

/beatles+yesterday

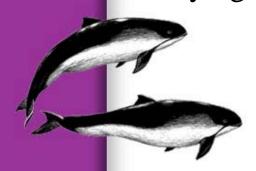
Gnutella://keywordspace?beatles+yesterday



Challenge: managing URI schemes

However, we do not do this lightly. When we introduce a new space, it may have very different properties and we expect that the deployment of new software will be needed to allow access to it....If we use this extension point frivolously, ironically, it will cease to work.

Suppose very many schemes are introduced. The access scheme space itself becomes a namespace with all the problems which current namespaces such as DNS are trying to solve....

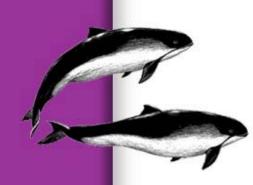


Tim Berners-Lee December, 1996

The //localhost hack

http://localhost:9876/yesterday.mp3

- Trying to integrate with the web, but...
- Only works where software is installed at the port
- Inappropriately uses http as gateway protocol
- Uses port as pseudo-scheme



The //localhost hack

http://localhost:9876/yesterday.mp3

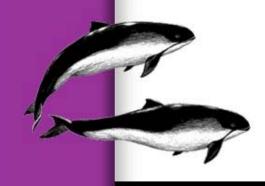
Violates URI Global Scope Axiom:

"It doesn't matter to whom or where you specify that URI, it will have the same meaning."



Query vs. naming?

• It's a duality for both the web and P2P

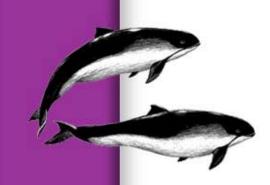


Query vs. naming?

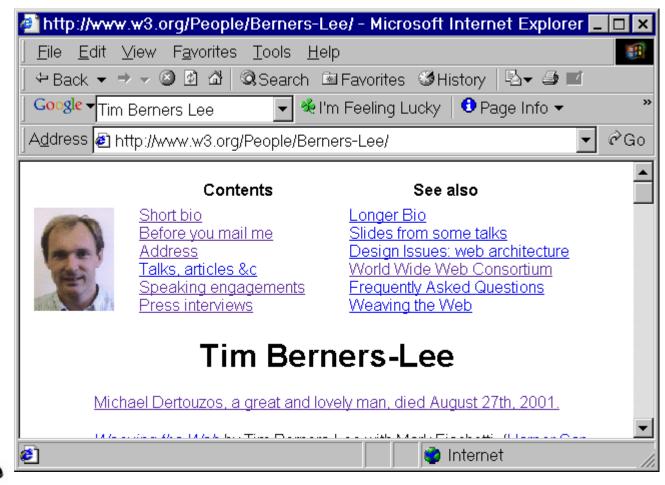
- It's a duality for both the web and P2P
- Web:



...both give you the same page



Query vs. naming



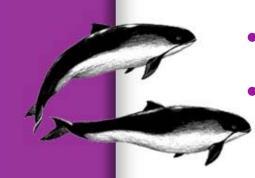


Query vs. naming?

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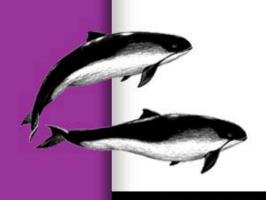


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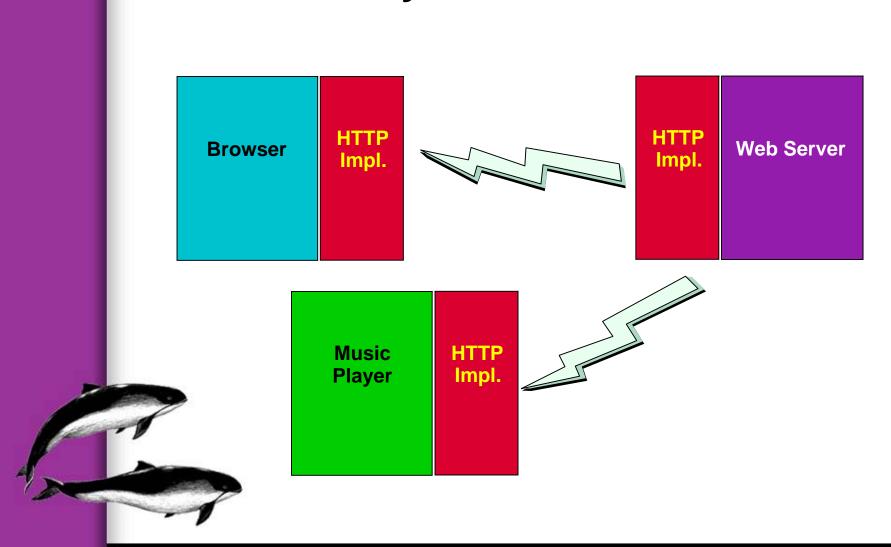


- Many P2P systems are query-based
- Whichever style is choosen, the web and P2P can be integrated

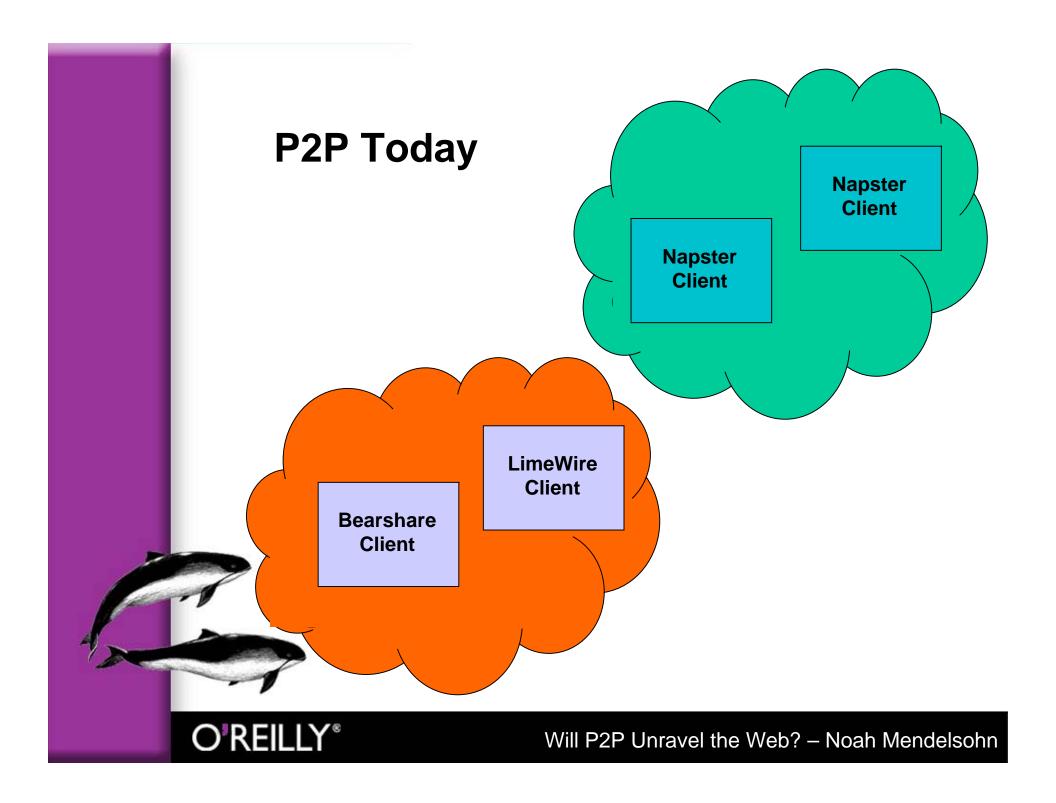
Restructuring Web and P2P Software



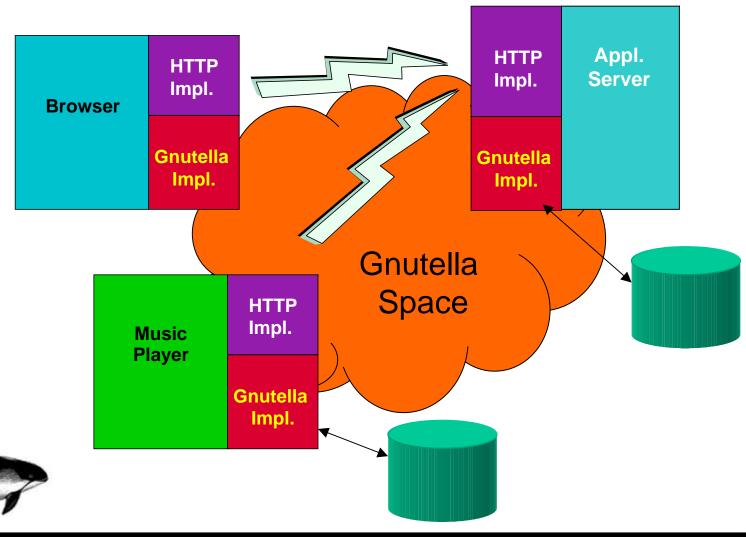
Web Today...





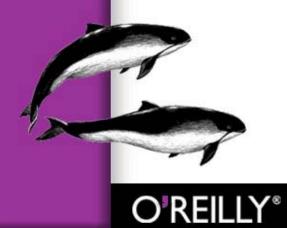


Possible Web Tomorrow





Conclusions



Summary

- If P2P charts its own course, it could indeed "unravel the web"
- The web is big enough integrate P2P...there is only one web.
- Doing it:
 - Getting naming right is key
 - Open up existing client, server & P2P software
 - Decouple "client" & app server software from particular storage & query models
 - It's important! Let's try.



Some useful TimBL references

- Web Architecture from 50,000 feet
 - http://www.w3.org/DesignIssues/Architecture.html
- Universal Resource Identifiers -- Axioms of Web Architecture
 - http://www.w3.org/DesignIssues/Axioms.html
- Guide to other web design documents
 - http://www.w3.org/DesignIssues/Overview.html
- Cool URI's don't change
 - http://www.w3.org/Provider/Style/URI.html



Another reference

- Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax (IETF RFC 2396)
 - http://www.ics.uci.edu/pub/ietf/uri/rfc2396.txt

